

Medication Cheat Sheet

Narcotics

Codeine – Methyldorphine

Fentanyl – Duragesic

Demerol – Meperidine

Morphine – MS Contin, Roxanol, Astramorph, Avinza, Kadian

Oxycodone – Oxycontin, Percocet, Percodan

Tramadol – Ultram (some people do not consider Tramadol a narcotic)

Hydrocodone – Vicodin, Lortab, Norco

Hydromorphone – Dihydromorphinone, Dilaudid

Methadone – Dolophine, Methadose

Antagonist of narcotic – Narcan

Anticoagulants

CHEW PPL, end in “in” usually

Coumadin, Heparin, Eliquis, Warfarin, Plavix, Pradaxa, Lovenox

These help with blood clots

Beta Blockers

Usually end in “lol”

Propranolol, Metoprolol, Atenolol, Bisoprolol

These reduce BP, for heart failure/abnormal rhythm, angina (chest pain/poor blood flow)

Benzodiazepines

Usually end in “lam” “pam”, outlier is Ativan

Diazepam (Valium), Alprazolam (Xanax), Clonazepam (Klonopin), Lorazepam (Ativan), Midazolam

These are psychoactive drugs for anxiety, insomnia, seizures, alcohol withdrawal

Hyperlipidemia Drugs

Usually end in “or” “statin”, outlier is Niacin

Lovastatin, Simvastatin, Pravastatin, Lipitor, Mevacor, Crestor

These are for high lipids, cholesterol

SSRI: Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors

Usually end in “ine”, outliers are Welbutrin/Bupropion, Cymbalta, Citalopram, Zoloft, Celexa, Prozac, Paxil, Luvox, Effexor, Remeron, Escitalopram

Amitriptyline, Trimipramine, Clomipramine, Fluoxetine (Prozac), Fluvoxamine, Paroxetine (Paxil)

Sertraline (Zoloft), Desipramine, Protriptyline

These are for depression, anxiety, OCD, personality disorders and sometimes narcolepsy,